

POLICY ON DETERMINATION OF MATERIALITY OF EVENTS

1. INTRODUCTION:

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) on 2nd September, 2015 issued the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as the “Regulations”) with the aim to consolidate and streamline the provisions of existing listing agreements thereby ensuring better enforceability and bringing the basic framework governing the regime of Listed Entities in line with the Companies Act, 2013 and at the same time compiling all the mandates of varied SEBI Regulations / Circulars governing Equity as well as Debt segments of capital market.

Regulation 30 of the Regulations deals with disclosure of material events / information by the Company whose equity and convertible securities are listed and are required to make disclosure of events / information specified under the relevant Schedule of Regulation 30. The Regulations requires Company to frame a policy for determination of materiality, based on criteria specified in the Regulations, to be approved by Board of Directors of the Company and further to be disclosed on the website of the Company.

Further based on the recommendation of the SEBI Committee on Corporate Governance which was formed on 2nd June, 2017 under the Chairmanship of Mr. Uday Kotak, with the aim of improving standards of corporate governance of listed companies in India, SEBI brought in the amendment and modified the existing Regulations based on the recommendations of SEBI Committee through SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) (Amendment) Regulations, 2018 dated 9th May, 2018 read with SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Third Amendment) Regulations, 2018 dated 31st May, 2018 (“Amended Regulations”).

Further in order to effect the amendments as notified in the above Amended Regulations to this Policy, the Board of Directors of the Company approved and adopted the revised ‘Policy on Determination of Materiality of Events’ on 30th March, 2019.

2. APPLICABILITY:

This Policy shall be applicable to all the events relating to the Company as and when they fall under the criteria as mentioned in clause 4 of this Policy.

This Policy shall be read together with the Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information formulated and adopted by the Company to lay down the procedures and practical guidelines that would be followed by the Company for the consistent, transparent, regular and timely public disclosure and dissemination of Unpublished Price Sensitive information.

The purpose of this Policy is to determine materiality of events and information based on criteria specified under Regulation 30 of the Listing Regulations and to ensure that the Company shall make timely disclosures of events / information specified under the Regulations to the Stock Exchanges.

3. DEFINITIONS:

3.1. “BIFR” means Board for Industrial & Financial Reconstruction.

3.2. “Board of Directors” means the Board of Directors of the Company.

3.3. “Company” means Laxmi Goldorna House Limited.

3.4. “Compliance Officer” means the Company Secretary of the Company.

3.5. “Key Managerial Personnel” means key managerial personnel as defined in sub-section (51) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 2(1)(o) of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof.

3.6. “Promoter” shall have the meaning assigned to it under the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 or any modification thereof.

3.7. “Stock Exchange” means BSE Limited and National Stock Exchanges of India Limited.

4. DISCLOSURE OF EVENTS:

The events to be disclosed by the Company are broadly divided into three categories:

Category A:

Covers the events that needs to be necessarily disclosed without applying any test of materiality.

Category B:

Covers the events that needs be disclosed by the Company, if considered material.

Category C:

Covers the information / events with major developments.

CATEGORY A:

Below are the details which the Company needs to disclose for the events that are deemed to be material:

1. Acquisition(s) (including agreement to acquire), Scheme of Arrangement (amalgamation, merger, demerger or restructuring), sale or disposal of any unit(s), division(s), whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking(s) or subsidiary of the Company, sale of stake in associate company of the Company or any other restructuring;

 [“Acquisition” shall mean:

- (i) acquiring control, whether directly or indirectly; or,

- (ii) acquiring or agreeing to acquire shares or voting rights in, a company, whether directly or indirectly, such that -
 - (a) the listed company holds shares or voting rights aggregating to 5% or more of the shares or voting rights in the said company, or;
 - (b) there has been a change in holding from the last disclosure made under sub-clause (a) of clause (ii) of this explanation and such change exceeds 2% of the total shareholding or voting rights in the said company.]
 - (c) the cost of acquisition or the price at which the shares are acquired exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30
 - (i) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a company such that the company ceases to be a wholly owned subsidiary, a subsidiary or an associate company of the Company; or
 - (ii) an agreement to sell or sale of shares or voting rights in a subsidiary or associate company such that the amount of the sale exceeds the threshold specified in sub-clause (c) of clause (i) of sub-regulation (4) of regulation 30.
2. Issuance or forfeiture of securities, split or consolidation of shares, buyback of securities, any restriction on transferability of securities or alteration in terms or structure of existing securities including forfeiture, reissue of forfeited securities, alteration of calls, redemption of securities etc.
 3. New Rating(s) or Revision in Rating(s);
 4. Outcome of meetings of the Board of Directors held to consider or decide the following:
 - 4.1. dividends and/or cash bonuses recommended or declared or the decision to pass any dividend and the date on which dividend shall be paid/dispatched;
 - 4.2. any cancellation of dividend with reasons thereof;
 - 4.3. the decision on buyback of securities;
 - 4.4. the decision with respect to fund raising proposed to be undertaken;
 - 4.5. increase in capital by issue of bonus shares through capitalization including the date on which such bonus shares would be credited/dispatched;
 - 4.6. reissue of forfeited shares or securities, or the issue of shares or securities held in reserve for future issue or the creation in any form or manner of new shares or securities or any other rights, privileges or benefits to subscribe to;
 - 4.7. short particulars of any other alterations of capital, including calls;
 - 4.8. financial results;
 - 4.9. decision on voluntary delisting by the Company from stock exchange(s) (Provided that in case of board meetings being held for more than one day, the financial results shall be disclosed within thirty minutes of end of the meeting for the day on which it has been considered);
 5. Agreements (viz. shareholder agreement(s), joint venture agreement(s), family settlement agreement(s) (to the extent that it impacts management and control of the Company), agreement(s)/treaty(ies)/contract(s) with media companies) which are binding and not in normal course of business, revision(s) or amendment(s) and termination(s) thereof;
 - 5A. Agreements entered into by the shareholders, promoters, promoter group entities, related parties, directors, key managerial personnel, employees of the Company or of its holding, subsidiary or associate company, among themselves or with the Company or with a third party, solely or jointly, which, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the Company or impose any restriction or create any liability upon the Company, shall be disclosed to the Stock

Exchanges, including disclosure of any rescission, amendment or alteration of such agreements thereto, whether or not the Company is a party to such agreements: Provided that such agreements entered into by a Company in the normal course of business shall not be required to be disclosed unless they, either directly or indirectly or potentially or whose purpose and effect is to, impact the management or control of the Company or they are required to be disclosed in terms of any other provisions of these regulations. Explanation: For the purpose of this clause, the term “directly or indirectly” includes agreements creating obligation on the parties to such agreements to ensure that Company shall or shall not act in a particular manner.]

6. Fraud or defaults by a Company, its promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management or subsidiary or arrest of key managerial personnel, senior management, promoter or director of the Company, whether occurred within India or abroad:

For the purpose of this sub-paragraph;

(i) ‘Fraud’ shall include fraud as defined under Regulation 2(1)(c) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Fraudulent and Unfair Trade Practices relating to Securities Market) Regulations, 2003. (ii) ‘Default’ shall mean non-payment of the interest or principal amount in full on the date when the debt has become due and payable. Explanation 1-In case of revolving facilities like cash credit, an entity would be considered to be in ‘default’ if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit or drawing power, whichever is lower, for more than thirty days. Explanation 2-Default by a promoter, director, key managerial personnel, senior management, subsidiary shall mean default which has or may have an impact on the Company.]

7. Change in Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary etc.), Auditor and Compliance Officer;

7A. In case of resignation of the auditor of the Company, detailed reasons for resignation of auditor, as given by the said auditor, shall be disclosed by the listed entities to the stock exchanges as soon as possible but not later than twenty four hours of receipt of such reasons from the auditor;

7B. Resignation of Independent director including reasons for resignation: In case of resignation of an independent director of the Company, within seven days from the date of resignation, the following disclosures shall be made to the stock exchanges by the Company:

- (i) The letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the said director.
- (ii) Names of listed entities in which the resigning director holds directorships, indicating the category of directorship and membership of board committees, if any;
- (iii) The independent director shall, along with the detailed reasons, also provide a confirmation that there is no other material reason other than those provided.
- (iv) The confirmation as provided by the independent director above shall also be disclosed the Company to the stock exchanges along with the detailed reasons as specified in sub-clause (i) above and (ii) above.

(7C) In case of resignation of key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director other than an independent director; the letter of resignation along with detailed reasons for the resignation as given by the key managerial personnel, senior management, Compliance Officer or director shall be disclosed to the stock exchanges by the listed entities within seven days from the date that such resignation comes

into effect;

- (7D) In case the Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer of the Company was indisposed or unavailable to fulfil the requirements of the role in a regular manner for more than forty-five days in any rolling period of ninety days, the same along with the reasons for such indisposition or unavailability, shall be disclosed to the stock exchange(s)
8. Appointment or discontinuation of share transfer agent;
 9. Resolution plan/ Restructuring in relation to loans/borrowings from banks/financial institutions including the following details:
 - (i) Decision to initiate resolution of loans/borrowings;
 - (ii) Signing of Inter-Creditors Agreement (ICA) by lenders;
 - (iii) finalization of Resolution Plan;
 - (iv) implementation of Resolution Plan;
 - (v) Salient features, not involving commercial secrets, of the resolution/ restructuring plan as decided by lenders;
 10. One time settlement with Bank;
 11. winding-up petition filed by any party / creditors;
 12. Issuance of notices, call letters, resolutions and circulars sent to shareholders, debenture holders or creditors or any class of them or advertised in the media by the Company;
 13. Proceedings of annual and extraordinary general meetings of the Company;
 14. Amendments to memorandum and articles of association of the Company, in brief;
 15. Schedule of analyst or institutional investor meet and presentations on financial results made by the Company to analysts or institutional investors;
 16. The following events in relation to the corporate insolvency resolution process (CIRP) of the listed corporate debtor under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof:
 - a) Filing of application by the corporate applicant for initiation of CIRP, also specifying the amount of default;
 - b) Filing of application by financial creditors for initiation of CIRP against the corporate debtor, also specifying the amount of default;
 - c) Admission of application by the Tribunal, along with amount of default or rejection or withdrawal, as applicable;
 - d) Public announcement made pursuant to order passed by the Tribunal under section 13 of Insolvency Code;
 - e) List of creditors as required to be displayed by the corporate debtor under regulation 13(2)(c) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;
 - f) Appointment/ Replacement of the Resolution Professional;
 - g) Prior or post-facto intimation of the meetings of Committee of Creditors;
 - h) Brief particulars of invitation of resolution plans under section 25(2)(h) of Insolvency Code in the Form specified under regulation 36A(5) of the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Corporate Persons) Regulations, 2016;
 - i) Number of resolution plans received by Resolution Professional;
 - j) Filing of resolution plan with the Tribunal;
 - m) Approval of resolution plan by the Tribunal or rejection, if applicable;
 - k) Salient features, not involving commercial secrets, of the resolution plan approved by the

Tribunal, in such form as may be specified;

- l) Any other material information not involving commercial secrets.

CATEGORY B:

Below are the details which the Company needs to disclose for the events on which the Company may apply materiality on the basis of guidelines mentioned in clause 6 below:

1. Commencement or any postponement in the date of commencement of commercial production or commercial operations of any unit/division;
2. Change in the general character or nature of business brought about by arrangements for strategic, technical, manufacturing, or marketing tie-up, adoption of new line(s) of business or closure of operations of any unit/division;
3. Capacity addition or product launch;
4. Awarding, bagging / receiving, amendment or termination of awarded / bagged / orders / contracts, not in the normal course of business;
5. Agreements (viz. loan agreement(s) (as a borrower) or any other agreement(s) which are binding and not in normal course of business, revision(s) or amendment(s) and termination(s) thereof;
6. Disruption of operations of any one or more units or division of the Company due to natural calamity (earthquake, flood, fire etc.), force majeure or events such as strikes, lockouts etc.;
7. Effect(s) arising out of change in the regulatory framework applicable to the Company;
8. Litigation(s) / dispute(s) / regulatory action(s) with impact;
9. Frauds/ defaults by Directors (other than Key Managerial Personnel) or employees of the Company;
10. Options to purchase securities including ESOP / ESPS Scheme;
11. Giving of guarantees or indemnity or becoming a surety for any third party not in the normal course of business;
12. Granting, withdrawal, surrender, cancellation or suspension of key licenses or regulatory approvals.

CATEGORY C:

The Company shall also disclose other information/ events with major developments likely to affect business of the Company, which shall, inter alia, include:

1. Change in Accounting Policy with significant impact on accounts etc.;
2. Any information which may be necessary to enable the investors to appraise their positions and to avoid the establishment of false market in such securities;
3. Any market sensitive information or event determined as material by the Key Managerial Personnel or the Board of Directors of the Company.

5. CRITERIA FOR DETERMINATION OF MATERIALITY OF EVENTS:

The Company shall consider the following criteria for determination of materiality of events / information:

- a) the omission of an event or information, which is likely to result in discontinuity or alteration of event or information already available publicly; or

- b) the omission of an event or information is likely to result in significant market reaction if the said omission came to light at a later date;
- c) the omission of an event or information, whose value or the expected impact in terms of value, exceeds the lower of the following:
 - I. two percent of turnover, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the Company;
 - II. two percent of net worth, as per the last audited consolidated financial statements of the Company, except in case the arithmetic value of the net worth is negative;
 - III. five percent of the average of absolute value of profit or loss after tax, as per the last three audited consolidated financial statements of the Company;
- d) in case where the criteria specified in sub-clauses (a) (b) and (c) are not applicable, an event / information may be treated as being material if in the opinion of the Board of Directors of Company, the event / information is considered material.

6. GUIDANCE ON WHEN AN EVENT/INFORMATION IS DEEMED TO BE OCCURRED:

The Company shall apply below guidelines on when an event / information is deemed to be occurred:

1. The events / information shall be said to have occurred upon receipt of approval of Board of Directors e.g. further issue of capital by rights issuance and in certain events/information after receipt of approval of both i.e. the Board and the Shareholders.
2. The events / information that may be of price sensitive nature for e.g. decision on declaration of dividends etc., disclosure shall be made on receipt of approval of the event by the Board of Directors, pending Shareholder's approval.
3. The events / information such as natural calamities, disruption, etc. can be said to have occurred when the Company becomes aware of such events / information.

7. AUTHORIZATION FOR MAKING DISCLOSURES:

The Chairman and Managing Director, Whole-time Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of the Company are severally / jointly authorized for the purpose of determining materiality of an event / information and for the purpose of making disclosures to stock exchange(s) under this Policy, the contact details of whom are also available on the website of the Company.

8. DISCLOSURES AND TIMELINESS:

1. The Company shall first disclose to the stock exchange(s) all events or information which are material in terms of the provisions of this regulation as soon as reasonably possible and in any case not later than the following:
 - (i) thirty minutes from the closure of the meeting of the board of directors in which the decision pertaining to the event or information has been taken

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Provided that in case the meeting of the board of directors closes after normal trading hours of that day but more than three hours before the beginning of the normal trading hours of the next trading day, the Company shall disclose the decision pertaining to the event or information, within three hours from the closure of the board meeting:

Provided further that in case the meeting of the board of directors is being held for more than one day, the financial results shall be disclosed within thirty minutes or three hours, as applicable, from closure of such meeting for the day on which it has been considered

- (ii) twelve hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is emanating from within the Company;
 - (iii) Twenty-four hours from the occurrence of the event or information, in case the event or information is not emanating from within the Company:
2. The Company shall, with respect to disclosures referred to in this Policy, make disclosures updating material developments on a regular basis, till such time the event is resolved/closed, with relevant explanations.
 3. The Company shall disclose on its website all such events or information which has been disclosed to stock exchange(s) under this Policy and such disclosures shall be hosted on the website of the Company for a minimum period of five years and thereafter as per the archival policy of the Company, as disclosed on its website.

9. AMENDMENT TO THE POLICY:

The Board of Directors shall alter, amend or modify the clauses of this Policy from time to time in line with the requirement of the SEBI Guidelines or any other rules, regulations etc., which may be amended and applicable from time to time.
